

Council

Thursday 18 July 2019

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	In accordance with Council Procedure Rule15.6.1, the Declaring a Climate Emergency Motion stands referred to the Executive.	
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LONDON BOROUGH OF HARROW

COUNCIL MEETING - 18 JULY 2019

QUESTION WITH NOTICE

A period of up to 15 minutes is allowed for the asking of written questions by Members of Council of a Member of the Executive or the Chair of any Committee.

Questioner: Councillor Ameet Jogia

Asked of: Councillor Graham Henson, Leader of the Council

and Portfolio Holder for Strategy, Partnerships,

Devolution & Customer Services

Question 1:

'Following a number of recent incidents, what steps is Harrow Council taking to protect our public spaces from being illegally broken into and inhabited by Travellers?'

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Question 2:

'Canons Park has fast become the forgotten part of Harrow. Fly tipping in on the increase, the station parade is being neglected and maintenance has been all but abandoned. What reassurances can Harrow Council give to local residents that will prevent any further deterioration of Canons Park?'

Declaring a Climate Emergency Motion

Amendment Proposed by Clir. Paul Osborn and Seconded by Clir. Norman Stevenson

Council notes that:

- Human beings have already caused irreversible climate change, the impacts of which are being felt around the world. Global temperatures have already increased by 1°C from pre-industrial levels. Atmospheric CO2 levels are above 400 parts per million (ppm), exceeding the 350 ppm deemed to be a safe level for humanity;
- In Harrow, the high level of vehicle usage is a major contributor to poorer air quality and <u>has</u> a detrimental effect on our residents' health;
- The 2018 IPCC report states that we have just 12 years to act on climate change if global temperature rises are to be kept within the recommended 1.5°C;
- All governments (national, regional and local) have a duty to limit the negative
 impacts of climate breakdown, and local governments that recognise this should not
 wait for their national governments to change their policies. UK local authorities need
 to commit to aggressive reduction targets and carbon neutrality as quickly as possible;
- Urban areas like Harrow are well placed to lead the world in reducing carbon emissions, as their higher density opens up a range of sustainable transport, buildings and energy opportunities;
- We need to continue to improve air quality, protect against flooding, and ensure our buildings, transport, waste and energy policies are environmentally sustainable.
- Harrow Council has already taken significant steps to reduce carbon emissions in
 the borough. For example, the council is currently installing electric vehicle charging
 points at key sites; has recently purchased a new fleet, the majority of which are zero
 emission electric vehicles; has rolled out food waste recycling to all flats in the
 borough; advanced a programme of LED street lighting; supported schools to become
 more energy efficient.
- That the UK Government under both main political parties has led the world in reducing Greenhouse gas emissions.

In light of the above, the Council resolves-to:

1. Join other councils in declaring a Climate Emergency;

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Formatted: Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0 cm + Indent at: 0.63 cm 2.—Call on the UK Government to provide the necessary powers and resources to make local action on climate change easier;

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- 23. <u>To Aim to-make the London Bborough of Harrow net-zero of greenhouse gases by earbon neutral</u> by 20<u>5</u>30, taking into account both production and consumption of emissions as defined by the Committee on Climate Change;
- 34. To cCreate a working group chaired by the Leader of the Council, comprising of Members of both political groups and the Chief Executive and other Council Officers of officers and members to meet at least monthly to urgently review and make recommendations to Council Cabinet for actions that the local authority can take in order to achieve this target;
- 4. to request that Cabinet creates a standing item on its Agenda where Cabinet Members can outline the actions their departments have taken to reduce greenhouse gas emissions as well as report progress on the recommendations from the working group.
- 5. That the Leader of the Council to report back to the next Council meeting on the steps being taken to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in Harrow.

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<u>65.</u> <u>TContinue to work with across London and through the LGA to deliver widespread earbon-reductions in greenhouse gas emissions."</u>

Proper funding for public services Motion

Amendment Proposed by Cllr. Paul Osborn and Seconded by Cllr. Richard Almond

Austerity has eaused huge damagehad an effect on to communities up and down the UK, with devastating effects on key public services that protect the most defenceless in society children at risk, disabled adults and vulnerable older people—and the services we all rely on, like clean streets, libraries, and community centres.

The idea that a Austerity was a necessary choice. After the Labour Government of Gordon Brown had created an unsustainable Public Sector deficit, the Coalition Government took steps to put the public finances back on a secure footing. As a result of this choice, the Leadership candidates seeking to succeed Theresa May have been able to make spending commitments that will improve public services. has been disproved and its architects discredited, not least due to the soaring inequality and divisions they have let fester in the last decade. David Cameron said "we're all in this together" but spent his time in office forcing cuts on the many while giving handouts to the privileged few. His predecessor Theresa May had to declare that "austerity is over", despite planning a further £1.3bn of cuts to council budgets over the following year. Chancellor Philip Hammond's callous remarks: "I reject that there are vast numbers of people facing dire poverty in this country," show just how blind the Conservatives are to the havoc they have wreaked upon the country. The race to succeed Theresa May has shown just what a con austerity was, with candidates making fast and loose promises of tax breaks for the richest members of our society, while saying nothing about the impact of cuts to the welfare state and education.

In Harrow, the impact of austerity has been shocking. <u>a</u>Already one of the lowest funded councils in London, this government's reckless policies we continue to <u>have put</u> an <u>unacceptable</u> strain on our finances, and cause damage to our residents.

This council notes:

- Over 30% of children in Harrow live in poverty and the inequalities within the borough are staggering, with child poverty rising to 40% in some wards.
- Last year, the Harrow food bank fed over 2617 people, including over 1041 children. Additionally, we have witnessed an increasing number of charities and voluntary groups and places of worship are providing free meals on a more regular basis.
- Since <u>Labour took control of Harrow Council in 2010</u>, inequalities in life expectancy have increased in Harrow men now live seven years longer and women five years longer in the richest parts of the borough compared to the poorest.
- The government-Labour Mayor of London has cut the budget of the Metropolitan police drastically, forcing a reduction in officer numbers with fewer 3,000 police officers and 3,000 fewer community support officers now operating in the capital compared to 2010.

- This has led to an explosion in violent crime last year there were 135 violent murders in the capital, the highest number for 10 years.
- Harrow has also seen an increase in violent crime with knife crime becoming a more frequent occurrence.
- In order to put 1,000 officers back on the streets, the Mayor of London has increased council tax—shifting the burden for policing the capital away from general taxation and onto hard-pressed Londoners.
 - The Mayor could fund 1,378 additional police officers, with £83m of savings to the GLA budget identified in a budget amendment this year, but has refused to do so.
 - The Mayor delayed recruitment of new police officers last year by six months, despite being given the money to do so.
 - Rather than fund new police officers, the Mayor has chosen, for example, to spend £19m on new staff at City Hall, £13m on his PR company, and over £400,000 on a beach party.
- The Young Harrow Foundation's Needs Analysis found that 20% of Harrow's young people need mental health support while 17% need help with suicidal thoughts or know someone who needs this help.
- Funding for youth services has been cut by a national average of 34% between 2010/11 2017/18, with London suffering the worst cuts in the country.
- This year, a report from the All-Party Parliamentary Group on Knife Crime has found a link between these cuts and the rise in youth violence which we have also witnessed in Harrow.
- The NHS continues to struggle under the financial pressures in January 2017 the Red Cross warned of a 'humanitarian crisis' in the health service and currently patients are experiencing record waiting times for non-urgent care.
- School funding has fallen by 6.5% per pupil to the year 2019-20.
- The UK unemployment rate was 3.8% in March-May 2019, the joint lowest rate since 1975. The ILO measure of unemployment was 1.29 million people, 51,000 fewer than the previous quarter and 116,000 fewer than the year before.
- The number of people in employment was 32.75 million, 28,000 more than the previous quarter and 354,000 more than the year before. The employment rate was 76.0%, up from 75.6% from the year before.
- 8.62 million people aged 16-64 were economically inactive, 83,000 more than the previous quarter but 43,000 fewer than the year before. The inactivity rate was 20.9%.

- Average weekly pay for employees in Great Britain increased by 3.4% including bonuses in the three months to May 2019 compared with the previous year. The increase was 3.6% excluding bonuses, the highest growth rate since 2008.
- CPI inflation averaged 2.0% over this period, meaning that average earnings both including and excluding bonuses grew faster than prices.
 - Harrow council's <u>revenue support government</u> grant has been cut by 97% (£50 million) over the last six years.
 - The council <u>says it</u> is facing further funding gap of £26 million in the next two years.
 - On top of these cuts, tThe council has increased its adult social care spend by 55%, leaving less and less money available for other vital services that our residents rely on.
 - Inevitably, <u>I</u>it is our residents who suffer these strains, whether it be through reduced services or increased council tax.

This council resolves:

• To call on the incoming leader of the Conservative Party and de facto new prime minister to take responsibility for the terrible human cost of their party's austerity programme and make the necessary investment to properly fund public services."

